LET THE DRUMS SOUND: THE TEACHING OF THE ATLANTIC SLAVE TRADE HISTORY IN BRAZIL

Monica Lima

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ)

Brazil

HISTORICAL CONTEXT (1)

- * Almost 45% of all Africans who were victims of the Transatlantic Slave Trade entered in the Americas through Brazilian ports, and the majority of them stayed in the country
- Between the end of the XVIII century and the beginning of the XIX century, the centre of the slave trading activity was in Brazil, mostly in Rio de Janeiro city
- ➤ Brazil has today the first place in population of African descendents, outside Africa → almost half of the Brazilian population

CONTEXT (2)

- Long struggle for a real inclusion of Afro-Brazilian History in the curricula
- yanuary 2003: Law # 10.639 made compulsory the teaching of History and Afro-Brazilian Culture in the publics and private schools of Brazil
- June 2004: the National Council of Education published some orientation to teach Afro-Brazilian and Africa History and to prepare teachers to do it in the schools.

WE HAVE TO THINK ABOUT

- Why there was the need for a law to to validate the presence of such an evidently fundamental content in Brazilian History?
- Secondary Sec
- > elitistic bias of the curricula choices
- > fear of stimulating conflicts (the myth of our racial democracy would be broken)

BUT...

* many school teachers do want to change

* students, inside the University, want to make their studies part of this new approach

Black social movement struggles for this

THE MAIN CHALLENGES (HOW TO ...)

- Prepare the teachers
- Produce materials, tools
- Choose the approach and the subjects
- Dialogue with other disciplines
- Dialogue with the academic world

SOUNDS OF CHANGE(eight years after ...)

Many projects have been done.

Ex: www.acordacultura.org.br

- Some texts have been produced
- The subject is 'on the table' of the most important universities and research centers
- Some government support has appearded (but there is still a long way to go...)

THINKING ABOUT THE FUTURE...

- We need to share what we have done in the field
- We need to learn to work together with other countries
- We need to establish close communication with the teachers
- We need to make a strong network connecting us with places and peoples interested in the TST subject

AND MAKING THE DRUMS SOUND ...

Prof. Dr. MONICA LIMA Laboratório de Estudos Africanos (LEÁfrica)* UFRJ

^{*}African Studies Laboratory – Federal University of Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro - BRASIL