One Hundred Fourteenth Congress of the

United States of America

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Tuesday, the sixth day of January, two thousand and fifteen

Sen. KELLY for himself and for others, and with Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. SESSIONS, Mrs. PALIN, Mrs. MURKOSWKI, Mr. McCAIN, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. UDALL, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. COONS, Mr. NELSON, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. KIRK, Mr. MORAN, Mr. PAUL, Mr. McCONNELL, Mr. REID, Mrs. BOXER, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mrs. LANDRIEU, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. WICKER, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. JOHANNS, Mrs. FISCHER, Mr. HELLER, Mrs. AYOTTE, Mr. BURR, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. COBURN, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. THUNE, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. HATCH, Mr. LEE, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. BARRASSO for themselves in the Senate.

Speaker BOEHNER of OHIO for himself and for others, and with Mr. BYRNE of ALABAMA, Ms. ROBY of ALABAMA, Mr. ROGERS of ALABAMA, Mr. ADERHOLT of ALABAMA, Mr. BROOKS of ALABAMA, Mr. BACHUS of ALABAMA, Ms. KIRKPATRICK of ARIZONA, Mr. BARBER of ARIZONA, Mr. SALMON of ARIZONA, Mr. WOMACK of ARKANSAS, Mr. COTTON of ARKANSAS, Mr. HUFFMAN of CALIFORNIA, Mr. McCLINTOCK of CALIFORNIA, Ms. MATSUI of CALIFORNIA, Ms. PELOSI of CALIFORNIA, Mr. FARR of CALIFORNIA, Mr. McCARTHY of CALIFORNIA, Mr. SCHIFF of CALIFORNIA, Ms. NAPOLITANO of CALIFORNIA, Mr. RUIZ of CALIFORNIA, Mr. ROYCE of CALIFORNIA, Mr. LOWENTHAL of CALIFORNIA, Mr. ISSA of CALIFORNIA, Ms. DeGETTE of COLORADO, Mr. TIPTON of COLORADO, Mr. LAMBORN or COLORADO, Mr. POSEY of FLORIDA, Mr. GRAYSON of FLORIDA, Mr. BUCHANAN of FLORIDA, Ms. SCHULTZ of FLORIDA, Mr. WESTMORELAND of GEORGIA, Mr. WOODALL of GEORGIA, Mr. COLLINS of GEORGIA, Mr. BROUN of GEORGIA, Mr. PRICE of GEORGIA, Ms. HANABUSA of HAWAII, Mr. LABRADOR of IDAHO, Mr. RUSH of ILLINOIS, Mr. QUIGLEY of ILLINOIS, Mr. ROSKAM of ILLINOIS, Ms. DUCKWORTH of ILLINOIS, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY of ILLINOIS, Mr. HULTGREN of ILLINOIS, Ms. BROOKS of INDIANA, Mr. YOUNG of INDIANA, Mr. BUSCHON of INDIANA, Mr. CARSON of INDIANA, Mr. BRALEY of IOWA, Mr. LOEBSACK of IOWA, Mr. LATHAM of IOWA, Mr. KING of IOWA, Mr. HUELSKAMP of KANSAS, Mr. JENKINS of KANSAS, Mr. YODER of KANSAS, Mr. POMPEO of KANSAS, Mr. WHITFIELD of KENTUCKY, Mr. GUTHRIE of KENTUCKY, Mr. YARMUTH of KENTUCKY, Mr. BARR of KENTUCKY, Mr. SCALISE of LOUISIANA, Mr. BOUSTANY of LOUISIANA, Mr. CASSIDY of LOUISIANA, Mr. MICHAUD of MAINE, Mr. HARRIS of MARYLAND, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER of MARYLAND, Mr. HOYER of MARYLAND, Mr. Van HOLLEN of MARYLAND, Mr. NEAL of MASSACHUSETTS, Mr. KENNEDY of MASSACHUSETTS, Mr. CAPUANO of MASSACHUSETTS, Mr. LYNCH of MASSACHUSETTS, Mr. BENISHEK of MICHIGAN, Mr. AMASH of MICHIGAN, Mr. KILDEE of MICHIGAN, Mr. WALBERG of MICHIGAN, Mr. BENTIVOLIO of MICHIGAN, Mr. CONYERS of MICHIGAN, Mr. WALTZ of MINNESOTA, Mr. KLINE of MINNESOTA, Mr. NUNNELEE of MISSISSIPPI, Mr. THOMPSON of MISSISSIPPI, Mr. PALAZZO of MISSISSIPPI, Mr. CLAY of MISSOURI, Ms. WAGNER of MISSOURI, Mr. LUETKEMEYER of MISSOURI, Mr. GRAVES of MISSOURI, Mr. SMITH of MISSOURI, Mr. DAINES of MONTANA, Mr. FORTENBERRY OF NEBRASKA, Mr. SMITH OF NEBRASKA, MR. TITUS OF NEVADA, Mr. HECK OF NEVADA, Ms. SHEA-PORTER OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, Ms. KUSTER of NEW HAMPSHIRE, Mr. ANDREWS of NEW JERSEY, Mr. PALLONE of NEW JERSEY, Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN OF NEW JERSEY, Ms. GRISHAM OF NEW MEXICO, Mr. KING OF NEW YORK, Mr. MEEKS OF NEW YORK, Mr. MALONEY OF NEW YORK, Mr. GIBSON OF NEW YORK, Mr. HANNA OF NEW YORK, Mr. MAFFEI OF NEW YORK, Ms. SLAUGHTER of NEW YORK, Mr. BUTTERFIELD of NORTH CAROLINA, Mr. HUDSON of NORTH CAROLINA, Ms. FOXX of NORTH CAROLINA, Mr. PITTENGER of NORTH CAROLINA, Mr. WATT of NEW YORK, Mr. CRAMER of NORTH DAKOTA, Mr. WENSTRUP of OHIO, Mr. BEATTY of OHIO, Mr. JOHNSON of OHIO, Mr. RYAN of OHIO, Mr. BRIDENSTINE of OKLAHOMA, Mr. LUCAS of OKLAHOMA, Mr. COLE of OKLAHOMA, Ms. BONAMICI of OREGON, Mr. BLUMENAUER of OREGON, Mr. BRADY of PENNSYLVANIA, Mr. KELLY of PENNSYLVANIA, Mr. CARTWRIGHT of PENNSYLVANIA, Mr. CICILLINE of RHODE ISLAND, Mr. SANFORD of SOUTH CAROLINA, Mr. DUNCAN of SOUTH CAROLINA, Mr. MULVANEY of SOUTH CAROLINA, Mr. CLYBURN of SOUTH CAROLINA, Ms. NOEM of SOUTH DAKOTA, Mr. ROE of TENNESSEE, Mr. FLEISHMANN of TENNESSEE, Mr. COHEN of TENNESSEE, Ms. BLACKBURN of TENNESSEE, Mr. GOHMERT of TEXAS, Mr. POE of TEXAS, Mr. BARTON of TEXAS, Mr. HINOJOSA of TEXAS, Ms. JACKSON-LEE of TEXAS, Mr. CASTRO of TEXAS, Mr. OLSON of TEXAS, Mr. FARENTHOLD of TEXAS, Mr. SESSIONS of TEXAS, Mr. STOCKMAN of TEXAS, Mr. BISHOP of UTAH, Mr. CANTOR of VIRGINIA, Mr. MORAN of VIRGINIA, Mr. WOLF of VIRGINIA, Ms. DelBENE of WASHINGTON, Mr. BEUTLER of WASHINGTON, Mr. McDERMOTT of WASHINGTON, Mr. McKINLEY of WEST VIRGINIA, Mr. RAHALL of WEST VIRGINIA, Ms. CAPITO of WEST VIRGINIA, Mr. RYAN of WISCONSIN, Mr. KIND of WISCONSIN, Mr. SENSENBRENNER of WISCONSIN, and Ms. LUMMIS of WYOMING for themselves in the House of Representatives.

A Bill

Entitled the Mutant Registration and Control Act of 2015

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS

- (a). SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the "Mutant Registration and Control Act of 2015"
- (b). TABLE OF CONTENTS. The table of contents of this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.
 - TITLE I EXPANSION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY
 - Sec. 101. Suspension of Habeas Corpus in extreme circumstances.
 - Sec. 102. Expansion of custody facilities.
 - Sec. 103. Establishment of the Mutant Response Division within the Department of Justice.
 - TITLE II CATALOGING AND INDEXING POTENTIAL THREATS
 - Sec. 201. Establishment of mandatory identification of mutants.
 - Sec. 202. Creation of an FBI and NSA database to track potential mutant terrorists.
 - Sec. 203. Injunctive authority for determining a pattern of violations.
 - TITLE III ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR ACTS OF MUTANT TERRORISM
 - Sec. 301. Significant and substantial violations.
 - Sec. 302. Criminal Penalties.
 - Sec. 303. Civil Penalties.
 - Sec. 304. Civil and criminal liability of potential conspirators.
 - Sec. 305. Commission for Mutant Terror Security.
 - Sec. 306. Allocation of funds.
 - TITLE IV ADDITIONAL PUBLIC SAFETY PROVISIONS
 - Sec. 401. Establishment of the Federal Mutant Suppression Android
 - Grant.
 - Sec. 402. Assistance to the States.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

- 1. Whereas the recent attack on the Golden Gate Bridge was perpetrated by a mutant terrorist identifying herself as "The Herald;"
- Whereas the subsequent collapse of the Golden Gate Bridge took the lives of 250 American citizens;
- Whereas none of the victims of the Golden Gate Bridge collapse had any cause to suspect that they would be the targets of an orchestrated terrorist attack;
- 4. Whereas a separate mutant calling herself "Pestilence" assaulted a water treatment facility along the Ganges River in India shortly thereafter;
- 5. Whereas Pestilence assaulted other water sources in China and Chicago;
- Whereas a total of over 6,000 Indian citizens and 4,000 Chinese citizens have died due to exposure to diseases planted in the water supply by Pestilence;
- Whereas Pestilence disappeared when taken by fellow mutants following a confrontation with police in Chicago which resulted in 45 fatalities;

- Whereas both were agents in the employ of a Mutant extremist styling himself "Apocalypse," and sought to bring about the destruction of humanity;
- Knowing fully that other nations are debating similar laws to the one herein proposed;
- 10. Feeling that the United States is in dire need of protection from forces that seek to destroy it from within the Mutant community;

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this act, the following terms and definitions are herein laid out – $\,$

- Mutant shall refer to any person or persons of any national origin or identity
 possessing abilities beyond the normal sphere of human capability stemming
 from a variation of their genetic material which renders them a danger to
 society;
- Mutant Terrorism shall refer to an act of violence against a group of people stemming from a political viewpoint relating to mutant supremacy which results in any fatality.

TITLE I - EXPANSION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.

SEC. 101. SUSPENSION OF HABEAS CORPUS IN EXTREME CIRCUMSTANCES.

In instances where an issue of public safety is believed to be at risk pending action from certain known Mutant extremists, law enforcement officials are authorized to suspend the process of issuing writs of Habeas Corpus in order to take said known extremists into custody early to prevent them from becoming a danger to others if a credible threat is exposed.

SEC. 102. EXPANSION OF CUSTODY FACILITIES.

- (a). The Department of Justice is hereby allocated the sum of \$500 Million to be offset from the current budget of the Department of Defense for the purpose of building containment facilities to house Mutants;
- (b). Such facilities shall -
 - 1. Be capable of containing dangerous inmates in solitary confinement while isolated from access to their powers if at all possible;
 - 2. Contain high security measures to protect against the possibility of an inmate riot or prison break;
 - Contain constant closed circuit camera security systems to monitor inmates around the clock to ensure that no escape attempts and/or potential violence is occurring;
 - Possess the ability to dispense a non-lethal chemical agent capable of stunning and/or knocking out prisoners in event of need;
 - Contain a staff of at least twenty (20) Mutant Response Androids (see Title IV, Sec. 401.)
 - Be capable of entering a state of total lockdown in less than twenty seconds.

SEC. 103. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MUTANT RESPONSE DIVISION WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

- (a). The Attorney General of the United States or his designee is hereby ordered by special act of Congress to form the Mutant Response Division, an elite team of agents capable of responding to any type of mutant threat;
- (b). Membership in this division shall be code-word classified to protect its members from the possibility of attack by members of the mutant community;
- (c). The Mutant Response Division shall be tasked with -

- Eliminating hostile threats;
- 2. Protecting the National Security of the United States of America;
- 3. Defending the lives and properties of law-abiding American Citizens;
- 4. Neutralizing any and all threats to the United States of America stemming from the mutant community
- (d). The members of this division shall be authorized to use deadly force in the event of hostile non-cooperation;
- (e). Pursuant to Pub.L. 107-296, 116 Stat. 2135, the Mutant Response Division shall operate outside of normal government oversight;
- (f). The Mutant Response Division shall be tasked with providing daily briefings on potential threats within the Mutant Community to the following individuals:
 - 1. The President of the United States;
 - 2. The Vice President of the United States;
 - 3. The Secretary of Homeland Security of the United States;
 - 4. The Secretary of Defense of the United States;
 - 5. The Attorney General of the United States;
 - The Secretary on Mutant Terror Prevention and Mutant Security of the United States (Sec. 305.);
 - 7. The Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States;
 - 8. The President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate;
 - 9. The House of Representatives Majority Leader;
 - 10. The House of Representatives Minority Leader;
 - 11. The United States Senate Majority Leader;
 - 12. The United States Senate Minority Leader;
 - 13. The Chairman of the House Intelligence Committee;
 - 14. The Ranking Member of the House Intelligence Committee;
 - 15. The Chairman of the House Homeland Security Committee;
 - 16. The Ranking Member of the House Homeland Security Committee;
 - 17. The Chairman of the House Committee on the Judiciary;
 - 18. The Ranking Member of the House Committee on the Judiciary;
 - 19. The Chairman of the Senate Standing Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs;
 - 20. The Ranking Member of the Senate Standing Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs;
 - 21. The Chairman of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence;
 - 22. The Ranking Member of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence;
 - 23. The Chairman of the Senate Standing Committee on the Judiciary;
 - The Ranking Member of the Senate Standing Committee on the Judiciary.
- (g). Such briefings shall contain information that is felt by the director of the Mutant Response Division to be capable of being shared with the Congress;
- (h). Any person found to be disclosing information from the Mutant Response Division to the general public without written approval from the Director of the Mutant Response Division shall be prosecuted to the utmost vigor of the law for engaging in espionage and for leaking classified information.

TITLE II. CATALOGING AND INDEXING POTENTIAL THREATS.

SEC. 201. ESTABLISHMENT OF MANDATORY IDENTIFICATION OF MUTANTS.

- (a). All Mutants are ordered by special act of Congress to identify themselves to local law enforcement personnel to have their information taken for the new Mutant Database (Sec. 202). Failure to present yourself for recording shall result in the issuance of warrants for the arrest of known mutants.
- (b). Each record shall contain the following
 - 1. Height;
 - 2. Weight;
 - 3. Eye Color;
 - 4. Hair Color;
 - 5. Address of Residence;

- 6. Primary means of contact;
- 7. A photograph of said mutant;
- 8. A medical report conducted by a local physician;
- 9. A brief description of their abilities;
- 10. Place of employment;
- 11. Job title:
- 12. Name of spouse or significant other;
- 13. Name of immediate family members;
- 14. Means of contact for immediate family;
- 15. Address of immediate family;
- 16. Complete fingerprint records;
- 17. Educational history;
- 18. DNA tissue sample identified through corresponding number;
- 19. Additional items at the discretion of the organizing officer.
- (c). Following the completion of the file, they are to be entirely forwarded via courier to the local Federal Courthouse, whence Department of Justice agents will transport the records to the central receiving room of the Mutant Response Division, where the files will then be digitized, the hard copies put into storage, and related samples stored in Justice Department vaults.

SEC. 202. CREATION OF AN FBI AND NSA DATABASE TO TRACK POTENTIAL MUTANT TERRORISTS.

- (a). The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, in cooperation with the National Security Agency and the Mutant Response Division, maintain the records obtained in Sec. 201 as a digital database, heavily encrypted, at the FBI headquarters in Washington, District of Columbia;
- (b). This database shall be routinely checked against threat advisory lists prepared by the National Security Agency. Any overlap found is to be brought to the attention of the Mutant Response Division, and said person to be placed under immediate surveillance.
 - Any person found to be considered a credible threat by the NSA or the FBI is to be immediately put under surveillance;
 - 2. Any person found to be considered a credible threat by the NSA or the FBI is to be immediately placed upon the Federal No-Fly List;
 - 3. Should evidence arise that a known mutant being watched by Federal authorities is preparing an attack, a warrant for the immediate arrest of the mutant under the provisions of Sec. 101 of this act shall be issued by the Federal Judge whose jurisdiction includes the current residence of said mutant.

SEC. 203. INJUNCTIVE AUTHORITY FOR DETERMINING A PATTERN OF VIOLATIONS.

- (a). All Federal Law Enforcement and National Security personnel shall operate under the assumption that any non-registered mutants are intending to commit acts of terrorism again the citizens of the United States;
- (b). Any registered mutant found accused of at least two violent crimes shall be considered a mutant terrorist;
 - a. The Mutant Response Division shall be mobilized to ensure the maintenance of the peace by eliminating the threat posed by the rogue mutant;
 - Local law enforcement may assist at the discretion of the leadership
 of the MRD, but shall not attempt a hostile takedown without
 assistance from MRD operatives;

 Should situations arise wherein the MRD requires assistance, the United States military shall be mobilized to their aid in protecting American soil.

TITLE III – ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR ACTS OF MUTANT TERRORISM.

SEC. 301. SIGNIFICANT AND SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATIONS.

Any incident of violence in the United States involving a Mutant which takes the life of any United States citizen or citizen of a nation with a strategic alliance with the United States of America shall be considered an act of mutant terrorism. The mutant responsible for said actions shall be hunted down with the utmost eagerness, and shall – if taken alive – be prosecuted with the full vigor of the law.

SEC. 302. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

- (a). In General. Notwithstanding any other provision or rule of law, the following criminal penalties are herein established for any act of mutant terrorism:
 - Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism shall face no less than a sentence of life imprisonment in a Department of Justice Secure Mutant Containment Facility;
 - 2. Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism shall be eligible to be granted the death penalty;
 - Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism shall be held accountable for the financial impact of their actions, and shall have a reasonably high bond set at the discretion of the presiding judge and the prosecuting attorney;
 - 4. Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism shall be eligible to be held without bond, and to remain unaware of the charges brought against them under Sec. 101 of this act, to permit the prosecuting attorney time to gather evidence without the possibility of witness intimidation;
 - Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism against the United States military will be viewed as a hostile enemy combatant, and given trial before a military tribunal;
 - Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism against the United States shall be considered to have forfeited their right to trial by jury due to the ineligibility of assembling a jury of their peers;
 - Any person found and charged for engaging in an act of mutant terrorism shall not be acquitted without overwhelming evidence of their innocence.
- (b). Nothing in this section shall refer to normal human beings accused of conspiring with mutants against the United States of America.

SEC. 303. CIVIL PENALTIES.

- (a). Any act of mutant terrorism shall be considered a Class A Felony in all United States territories:
 - No sentence passed against mutants convicted of Mutant terrorism shall be less than a sentence of life imprisonment, a fine of \$250,000, or the death penalty;
 - There shall be no possibility of parole for those found guilty of committing acts of mutant terrorism;
 - 3. Any person found guilty of committing an act of mutant terrorism shall be considered to have surrendered their right to vote, to firearm ownership, and to any other citizenship perks upon which good behavior is a necessary qualification.

(b). Nothing in this section shall refer to normal human beings accused of conspiring with mutants against the United States of America.

SEC. 304. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY OF POTENTIAL CONSPIRATORS.

Any normal human citizen of the United States of America found to have conspired with mutant terrorists to engage in acts of mutant terrorism against the American people and/or government shall be offered a plea deal in exchange for their testimony to convict the accused mutants. Should the human conspirator refuse the plea deal, the minimum sentence for their collaboration is death.

SEC. 305. COMMISSION ON MUTANT TERROR SECURITY.

- (a). The President of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint members to a National Commission on Mutant Terror Security. The chairman of this commission shall be appointed with the advice and consent of the United States Senate, and will hold the cabinet-level position of "Secretary on Mutant Terror Prevention and Mutant Security."
- (b). The President is also required to appoint the following persons to the Commission:
 - 1. The Deputy Attorney General for Mutant Affairs;
 - 2. The Deputy Secretary of Homeland Security for Mutant Containment;
 - 3. The Deputy Secretary of Defense for Mutant Attack Defense;
 - 4. The Chief of Staff of the United States Army;
 - 5. The Chief of Staff of the United States Air Force;
 - 6. The Chief of Staff of the United States Marine Corps;
 - 7. The Chief of Staff of the United States Navy;
 - 8. The Deputy White House Chief of Staff;
 - The Chairman of the Senate Standing Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs;
 - 10. The Chairman of the House Homeland Security Committee.
- (c). At his discretion, the President of the United States may appoint other members to the committee:
- (d). The Mutant Terror Security Commission shall meet monthly in the City of Washington to confer with NSA and FBI analysts on the threat of acts of mutant terrorism;
- (e). The goals of this commission shall be:
 - To provide advice and council to the President of the United States and the Congress of the United States on how to handle issues of mutant terrorism;
 - To manufacture materials to be disseminated among schools in the United States designed to encourage students to report suspected mutant classmates for registration;
 - To educate children on the differences between humans and mutants, and why mutants are dangerous;
 - 4. To release an annual report on issues of Mutant Terrorism;
 - To maintain and adjust the Mutant Terrorism Warning Level, which will be broadcast on all major television news networks to warn American citizens when the threat of a mutant attack is the highest;
 - To present to the Congress proposals for new pieces of legislation to help suppress the mutant threat.

SEC. 306. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.

The Mutant Terror Security Commission is hereby allocated the sum of \$200 Million from the current budget of the Department of Defense

TITLE IV - ADDITIONAL PUBLIC SAFETY PROVISIONS.

SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FEDERAL MUTANT SUPPRESSION ANDROID GRANT.

- (a). The Department of Defense is hereby authorized to allocate the total of \$20 Billion to develop a block grant program to incentivize private industrial corporations to begin development of prototype android systems to assist in suppressing Mutant criminals, and securing them in Federal penitentiaries.
- (b). Any corporation wishing to receive financial assistance from these grants must be able to demonstrate the benefits of their android systems to a panel of members of the Mutant Terrorism Security Commission.
- (c). Any funds in the grant account not expended by March 1, 2025, shall be returned to the general Department of Defense coffers.

SEC. 402. ASSISTANCE TO THE STATES.

- (a). The total amount of Federal Assistance to the States shall be increased by the sum of \$10 Million per state;
- (b). These funds shall be given with the following specified purposes:
 - 1. To expand state and local law enforcement agencies;
 - 2. To establish State-level Mutant Registration databases;
 - 3. To establish State-level Mutant Holding Facilities;
 - 4. To establish State grants for the development of Mutant Suppression Androids.
- (c). Any funds spent by any state for any other purpose shall be recouped by the Federal Government through litigation, with interest;
- (d). Any funds not fully expended by March 1, 2025, shall be returned to the Federal Government;
- (e). This is an annual grant through March of 2025.

EFFECTIVE DATE. – The provisions of this act shall come into effect immediately following its Constitutional passage.

John A. Boehner Speaker of the House of Representatives

Joseph R. Biden Vice President of the United States of America and President of the United States Senate

> Barack H. Obama President of the United States of America