

C Programming Questions and Answers – Variable Names – 2

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Here is a listing of C interview questions on "Variable Names" along with answers, explanations and/or solutions:

1. Which is valid C expression?

- a) int my_num = 100,000;
- b) int my_num = 100000;
- c) int my num = 1000;
- d) int \$my_num = 10000;

[View Answer](#)

Answer:b

Explanation:space, comma and \$ cannot be used in a variable name.

2. What is the output of this C code?

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()

{

    printf("Hello World! %d \n", x);
```

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```
        return 0;

    }
```

- a) Hello World! x;
- b) Hello World! followed by a junk value
- c) Compile time error
- d) Hello World!

View Answer

Answer:c

Explanation:It results in an error since x is used without declaring the variable x.

Output:

```
$ cc pgm1.c
```

```
pgm1.c: In function 'main':
```

```
pgm1.c:4: error: 'x' undeclared (first use in this function)
```

```
pgm1.c:4: error: (Each undeclared identifier is reported only once
```

```
pgm1.c:4: error: for each function it appears in.)
```

3. What is the output of this C code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int y = 10000;

int y = 34;

printf("Hello World! %d\n", y);

return 0;

}
```

- a) Compile time error
- b) Hello World! 34
- c) Hello World! 1000
- d) Hello World! followed by a junk value

View Answer

Answer:a

Explanation:Since y is already defined, redefining it results in an error.

Output:

```
$ cc pgm2.c
```

```
pgm2.c: In function 'main':
```

```
pgm2.c:5: error: redefinition of 'y'
```

```
pgm2.c:4: note: previous definition of 'y' was here
```

4. Which of the following is not a valid variable name declaration?

- a) float PI = 3.14;
- b) double PI = 3.14;

c) int PI = 3.14;

d) #define PI 3.14

View Answer

Answer:d

Explanation:#define PI 3.14 is a macro preprocessor, it is a textual substitution.

5. What will happen if the below program is executed?

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int main = 3;
```

```
printf("%d", main);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

- a) It will cause a compile-time error
- b) It will cause a run-time error
- c) It will run without any error and prints 3
- d) It will experience infinite looping



View Answer

Answer:c

Explanation:A C program can have same function name and same variable name.

```
$ cc pgm3.c
```

```
$ a.out
```

```
3
```

6. What is the problem in following variable declaration?

```
float 3Bedroom-Hall-Kitchen?;
```

- a) The variable name begins with an integer
- b) The special character '-'
- c) The special character '?'
- d) All of the mentioned

View Answer

Answer:d

Explanation:A variable name cannot start with an integer, along with that the C compiler interprets the '-' and '?' as a minus operator and a question mark operator respectively.

7. Comment on the output of this C code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int ThisVariableName = 12;

int ThisVariablename = 14;

printf("%d", ThisVariablename);

return 0;

}
```

- a) The program will print 12
- b) The program will print 14
- c) The program will have a runtime error
- d) The program will cause a compile-time error due to redeclaration

View Answer

Answer:b

Explanation:Variable names ThisVariablename and ThisVariableName are both distinct as C is case sensitive.

Output:

```
$ cc pgm4.c
```

```
$ a.out
```

```
14
```

8. Which of the following cannot be a variable name in C?

- a) volatile
- b) true

c) friend

d) export

[View Answer](#)

Answer: a

Explanation:volatile is C keyword.

