

1. The Sami historically had to fight for reserved rights to do what?
  - a. Fish salmon from traditional fishing areas
  - b. Hunt bison from traditional grasslands and forested areas
  - c. Fish for coins out of the local fountains in town
  - d. Hunt and fish in their California reservation without permits
  
2. Please describe what is happening in the following image from Dr. Colombi's lecture on "Sovereignty, Nation Building, and Sustainable Development."



- a. The young boy in the picture has won a fishing prize for catching the largest sea bass on the Nez Perce reservation in 20 years.
  - b. The young Nez Perce boy in the picture is demonstrating his sovereign right to protest eating fish by showing the body of a fish illegally caught.
  
  - c. The young Nez Perce boy in the picture and his parents are being cited for fishing without a permit and the boy's parents are going to be arrested.
  - d. The young Nez Perce boy is actually Dr. Colombi's best friend, Joseph, and Dr. Colombi just wanted to remember this moment from his childhood.
  
3. In Dr. Colombi's chapter "Indigenous Peoples, Large Dams, and Capital-Intensive Energy Development," what summarizes the author's opinion of dams and hydroelectric energy?
  - a. Dams have been used to create energy, but that energy cannot be effectively used by many of the Pacific salmon in the rivers.
  - b. Dams and hydroelectric energy is a good start to reducing our carbon footprint, but unfortunately it does not actually work.
  - c. Hydroelectric energy from dams and irrigated water on Indian lands have improved many lives, but at enormous ecological costs.
  - d. Hydroelectric energy from dams and irrigated water has led to many Native Nations becoming extremely wealthy and happy.
  
4. In the Southwest, what body of water continues to be contested when it comes to Indigenous water rights and issues?
  - a. The Colorado River

- b. The Mississippi River
- c. The Animas River
- d. The Pacific Ocean