### Ratib Al-Haddad

النّاتِ الشّهِيْرُ لِلْإِمَامِ عَبْدِ اللهِ بْنِ عَلَوِي الْحَدَّادِ: الْفَاتِحَةَ إِلَى حَضْرَةِ النّبِي مُحَمَّدٍ صَلّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلّمَ، أَعُوْدُ بِاللهِ مِنَ الشّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيْمِ: ﴿ بِسْمِ ٱللّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَنِ السَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيْمِ: ﴿ بِسْمِ ٱللّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ اللّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيْمِ: ﴿ بِسْمِ ٱللّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ الرَّحِيمِ ۞ ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞ ٱلرَّحْنِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ۞ اللّهِ مِنَ الرَّحِيمِ ۞ الرَّعْمَنِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ۞ اللّهِ مِنَ اللّهِ مِنَ اللّهِ مِنَ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ وَلِيّا اللّهَ اللّهِ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ وَلَا ٱلظّالِينَ ۞ ﴿ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهِ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهِ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللللهُ الللللللهُ الللللللهُ الللللهُ الللللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ اللهُ الللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ الللللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ الللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللله

٩٠. سُوْرَة الْبَقَرَة (٢)، آية ٥٥٠

## ❖ THE FAMOUS RĀTIB AL-ḤADDĀD OF IMĀM 'ABDULLĀH IBN 'ALAWĪ AL-ḤADDĀD:

Alfātiḥah ilā ḥaḍratin nabiyyi Muḥammadin ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa ālihī wa sallam,

### A'ūdhu billāhi minashshayṭānir rajīm.

- Bismillāhir raḥmānir raḥīm.
- 2 Alḥamdulillāhi rabbil 'ālamīn.
- 3 Arraḥmānir raḥīm.
- 4 Māliki yawmid dīn.
- 5 Iyyāka na budu wa iyyāka nasta īn.
- 6 Ihdinaş şirāţal mustaqīm.
- 7 Şirāṭalladhīna an 'amta 'alayhim, ghayril maghḍūbi 'alayhim walaḍ ḍāllīn. Āmīn [Sūrah Al-Fātiḥah (1), Āyāt 1-7]

Allāhu lā ilāha illā huwal ḥayyul qayyūm; lā ta'khudhuhū sinatuw wa lā nawm; lahū mā fissamāwāti wa mā fil'ard, man dhalladhī yashfa'u 'indahū illā bi'idhnihī.

## ❖ THE FAMOUS RĀTIB AL-ḤADDĀD OF IMĀM 'ABDULLĀH IBN 'ALAWĪ AL-ḤADDĀD:

The (reading of) the *Fātiḥah* to the presence of the Prophet Muḥammad, may the Blessings and Peace of Allāh be upon him;

# I seek refuge in Allāh from the accursed Satan.

- In the Name of Allāh, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.
- 2 All Praise be to Allāh, Lord of the Universe:
- 3 Most Compassionate, Most Merciful;
- 4 Lord of the Day of Judgement.
- 5 You alone do we worship, and to You alone do we turn for help.
- 6 Guide us to the Straight Way.
- 7 The Way of those on whom You have bestowed Your Grace; not the way of those who have earned Your anger, nor of those who went astray. Āmīn [Sūrah Al-Fātiḥah (1), Verses 1-7]

Allāh! There is no god, but Him; the Ever-Living, the Self Subsisting, the Eternal One. Neither slumber nor sleep can overtake Him. To Him belongs whatsoever is in the Heavens and whatsoever is on the earth. Who is there that can intercede in His Presence, except by His Permission?

يَعْلَمُ مَابَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ ۖ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمَهُمْ ۖ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ مِّ السَّمَاوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ عِلْمِهِ مِّ السَّمَاوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ فَلَيْمُ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ رَحِفْظُهُمَا أَوْهُوَ ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيْمُ اللَّهَ الْمَاعِيْمُ الْعَظِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْ الْعَظِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَظِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْمُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْمُ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ الللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ الْعُلِيْلُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ الللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْعُلِيْ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ الْمُلْمُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ الللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُولُ اللْهُ الللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلَامُ الللْمُلُولُ اللْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلِل

 ya'lamu mā bayna aydīhim wa mā khalfahum, wa lā yuḥīṭūna bishay'im min 'ilmihī illā bimā shā', wasi'a kursiy yuhus samāwāti wal'arḍ, wa lā ya'ūduhū ḥifṭuhumā, wa huwal 'aliyyul 'azīm. [Sūrah Al-Baqarah (2), Āyah 255]

Lillāhi mā fissamāwāti wamā fil ardi, wa in tubdū mā fī anfusikum aw tukhfūhu yuḥāsibkum bihillāh; fayag hfiru limay yashā'u wa yu'adh-dhibu may yashā, wallāhu 'alā kulli shay'in qadīr.

Āmanarrasūlu bimā unzila ilayhi mirrabbihī wal mu'minūn, kullun āmana billāhi wa malā'ikatihī wa kutubihī wa rusulihī, lā nufarriqu bayna aḥadim mirrusulih, wa qālū sami 'nā wa aṭa 'nā, ghufrānaka rabbanā wa ilaykal maṣīr.

Lā yukallifullāhu nafsan illā wus 'ahā, lahā mā kasabat wa 'alayhā maktasabat, He knows what will happen to them (His creatures) in this world, and what will happen to them in the Hereafter; nor shall they comprehend anything at all of His Knowledge except as He Wills. His Throne extends over the Heavens and the earth, and guarding and preserving it, does not exhaust Him, for He is the Exalted, the All-Mighty. [Sūrah Al-Baqarah (2), Verse 255]

To Allāh belongs all that is in the Heavens and that is on earth. Whether you disclose what is in your selves or conceal it, Allāh will call you to account for it. He will forgive whom He wishes and will punish whom He wishes; He has Power over all things.

The Messenger (Muḥammad) believes in what has been revealed to him from his Lord, and (so do) the believers. They all believe in His Angels, His Books and His Messengers. They say: "We do not differentiate between any of His Messengers. We hear and we obey. We ask You forgiveness our Lord, and to You will we all return.

Allāh will not burden any soul with more than what it can bear. It shall be compensated for whatever good it has done, and it will be punished for whatever evil it has done.

رَبَّنَا لَا تُوَاخِذُنَا إِن نَسِيْنَا أَوْ أَخْطَأُنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلُ عَلَيْنَا إِصْرًا كَمَا حَمَلْتَهُ وعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِنَا وَبَنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلْنَا مَالَاطَاقَةَ لَنَا بِيَّةٍ وَٱعْفُ عَنَّا وَٱغْفِرْلَنَا وَٱرْحَمُنَا أَنتَ مَوْلَنَا فَٱنصُرْنَا عَلَى ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْكَافِرِيْنَ ﴿ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّه

- لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا اللهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيْكَ لَهُ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ
   يُحْيِيْ وَيُمِيْتُ وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ. (ثَلاَثًا)
   شبْحَانَ اللهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلهِ وَلآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا اللهُ، اللهُ أَكْبَرُ.
   (ثَلاَثًا)
- سُبْحَانَ اللهِ وَبِحَمْدِهِ سُبْحَانَ اللهِ الْعَظيْمِ. (ثَلاَثًا)
   رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا وَتُبْ عَلَيْنَا إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيْمُ.
   (ثَلاَثًا)
- ﴿ اَللّٰهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ، اَللّٰهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلِّمْ.
   (ثَلاَثًا)

٩١. سُوْرَة الْبَقَرَة (٢)، آيات ٢٨٢-٢٨٦

rabbanā lā tu'ākhidhnā innasīnā aw akhṭa'nā, rabbanā walā taḥmil 'alaynā iṣran kamā ḥamaltahū 'alalladhīna min qablinā, rabbanā walā tuḥammilnā mā lā ṭāqata lanā bihī, wa 'fu 'annā, waghfir lanā, warḥamnā, anta mawlanā fanṣurnā 'alal qawmil kāfirīn.
[Sūrah Al-Baqarah (2), Āyāt 284-286] Āmīn

- Lā ilāha illallāhu waḥdahū lā sharīka lahū, lahul mulku wa lahul ḥamdu yuḥyī wa yumītu wa huwa 'alā kulli shay'in qadīr. (3 times)
- Subḥānallāhi walḥamdu lillāhi wa lā ilāha illallāh, allāhu akbar. (3 times)
- Subḥānallāhi wa biḥamdihī subḥānallāhil 'azīm. (3 times)
- Rabbanaghfir lanā wa tub 'alaynā innaka antat tawwābur raḥīm. (3 times)
- \* Allāhumma şalli 'alā Muḥammad, Allāhumma şalli 'alayhi wa sallim. (3 times)

- (Pray:) "Our Lord! Do not take us to task if we forget or make a mistake. Our Lord, do not place on us a burden like that which you have placed on those before us! Our Lord, do not place on us a burden that we do not have the strength to bear! Pardon us, and grant us forgiveness; and have Mercy on us. You are our Protector; so grant us victory over the disbelieving people."
  [Sūrah Al-Baqarah (2), Verses 284-286] Āmīn
- \*\* There is no god, but Allāh alone, He has no partner, His is the Kingdom and His is the Praise, He gives life and He causes death, and He is capable of all things (3 times).
- \* Glory be to Allāh, Praise be to Allāh, there is no god, but Allāh, (and) Allāh is the Most Great (3 times).
- \* Glory be to Allāh, and Praise be to Him; Glory be to Allāh, the Magnificent (3 times).
- \* Our Lord, forgive us and grant us repentance; indeed, You are the Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful (3 times).
- \* O Allāh! Bestow Blessings on Muḥammad, O Allāh! Bestow Blessings and Peace on him. (3 times).

- \* أَعُوْذُ بِكَلِمَاتِ اللهِ التَّامَّاتِ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ. (ثَلاَثًا)
- پِسْمِ اللهِ الَّذِيْ لَا يَضُرُّ مَعَ اسْمِهِ شَيْءٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا
   فِي السَّمَآءِ وَهُوَ السَّمِيْعُ الْعَلِيْمُ. (ثَلاَتًا)
  - ﴿ رَضِيْنَا بِاللَّهِ رَبًّا وَّبِالْإِسْلَامِ دِيْنًا وَّبِمُحَمَّدٍ نَبِيًّا. (ثَلاَثًا)
- پسْم اللهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِللهِ وَالْحَيْدُ وَالشَّرُّ بِمَشِيْئَةِ اللهِ.
   (ثَلاَثًا)
- \* آمَنًا بِاللهِ وَالْيَـوْمِ الْآخِرِ، تُبْنَا إِلَى اللهِ بَاطِئًا وَّظَاهِرًا.
   (ثَلاَتًا)
  - \* يَا رَبَّنَا وَاعْفُ عَنَّا وَامْحُ الَّذِيْ كَانَ مِنَّا. (ثَلاَثًا)
- \* يَاذَا الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ أَمِتْنَا عَلَى دِيْنِ الْإِسْلَامِ. (سَبْعًا)
  - \* يَاقَوِيُّ يَامَتِيْنُ، إِكْفِ شَرَّ الظَّالِمِيْنَ. (ثَلاَثًا)
- أَصْلَحَ اللهُ أُمُوْرَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ، صَرَفَ اللهُ شَرَّ الْمُؤْذِيْنَ.
   (ثَلاَثًا)
- ﴿ يَاعَلِيُّ يَاكَبِيْرُ، يَاعَلِيْمُ يَاقَدِيْرُ، يَاسَمِيْعُ يَابَصِيْرُ،
   يَالَطِيْفُ يَا خَبِيْرُ. (ثَلاَثًا)

- A'ūdhu bikalimātillāhit tāmmāti min sharri mā khalaq.
   (3 times)
- \* Bismillāhilladhī lā yaḍurru ma'asmihī shay'un fil'arḍi wa lā fissamā'i wa huwas samī'ul 'alīm. (3 times)
- \* Raḍīnā billāhi rabbaw wa bil'islāmi dīnaw wa bimuḥammadin nabiyyā. (3 times)
- Bismillāhi wal ḥamdulillāhi wal khayru wash-sharru bimashī'atillāh. (3 times)
- Āmannā billāhi wal yawmil ākhiri, tubnā ilallāhi bāţinaw wa zāhirā. (3 times)
- Yā rabbanā wa'fu 'annā wamḥulladhī kāna minnā.
  (3 times)
- ¥ Yā dhal jalāli wal ikrām,amitnā 'alā dīnil islām. (7 times)
- \* Yā qawiyyu yā matīn, ikfi sharraz zālimīn. (3 times)
- Aşlaḥallāhu umūral muslimīn, şarafallāhu sharral mu'dhīn. (3 times)
- Yā 'aliyyu yā kabīru, yā 'alīmu yā qadīru, yā samī'u yā baṣīru, yā laṭīfu yā khabīru. (3 times)

- \* I seek refuge in the Perfect Words of Allāh, from the evil that He has created. (3 times)
- \* In the Name of Allāh, with Whose Name nothing can cause harm on earth and in the Heaven, and He is the All-Hearing and All-Knowing. (3 times)
- \* We are satisfied with Allāh as our Lord, with Islām as our religion, and with Muḥammad as our Prophet. (3 times)
- \* In the Name of Allāh, and all Praise is for Allāh, and the good and the evil are by the Will of Allāh. (3 times)
- ★ We believe in Allāh and the Last Day (of Judgement), we turn to Allāh in repentance, secretly and openly. (3 times)
- \*\* O Our Lord! Pardon us, and wipe out whatever (sins) we may have committed. (3 times)
- \* O Lord of Sublimity and Honour, let us die in accordance with the religion of Islām. (7 times)
- \* O the Most Powerful, O the Almighty, protect us from the evil of the oppressors (3 times).
- \* May Allāh improve the affairs of the Muslims; may Allāh turn away the evil of the harmful. (3 times)
- \* O the Most High, O the Most Great, O the All-Knowing, O the Powerful One, O the All-Hearing, O the All-Seeing, O the Gentle, O the All-Aware. (3 times)

- \* يَافَارِجَ الْهَمَّ، يَاكَاشِفَ الْغَمِّ، يَامَنْ لِعَبْدِهِ يَغْفِرُ
   وَيَرْحَمُ. (ثَلاَثًا)
- أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللهَ رَبَّ الْبَرَايَا، أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللهَ مِنَ الْخَطَايَا.
   (أَرْبَعًا)
  - \* لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا اللهُ. (خَمْسِیْنَ مَرَّةً)

مُحَمَّدٌ رَّسُوْلُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ وَشَرَّفَ وَكَرَّمَ وَمَجَّدَ وَعَظَّمَ، وَرَضِيَ اللهُ تَعَالَى عَنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِهِ الْمُطَهَّرِيْنَ وَأَصْحَابِهِ وَعَظَّمَ، وَرَضِيَ اللهُ تَعَالَى عَنْ أَهْلِ بَيْتِهِ الْمُطَهَّرِيْنَ وَأَصْحَابِهِ الْمُهْتَدِيْنَ وَالتَّابِعِيْنَ لَهُمْ بِإِحْسَانٍ إِلَى يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ.

بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ
﴿قُلْ هُوَٱللَّهُ أَحَدُ ۞ ٱللَّهُ ٱلصَّمَدُ ۞ لَمْ يَلِدُولَمْ يُـولَدُ۞
وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ وكُفُوًا أَحَدُ ۞ ﴿ ثَلَاثًا)

٩٢. سُوْرَة الْإِخْلَاص (١٦٢)، آيات ١-٤

- Yā fārijal hammi, yā kāshifal ghammi, yā man li'abdihī yaghfiru wa yarḥamu. (3 times)
- Astaghfirullāha rabbal barāyā, astaghfirullāha minal khaţāyā. (4 times)
- ★ Lā ilāha illallāh, (50 times)

Muḥammadur rasūlullāhi şallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam wa sharrafa wa karrama wa majjada wa azzama, wa raḍiyallāhu ta'ālā 'an ahli baytihil muṭahharīna wa aṣḥābihil muhtadīna wattābi'īna lahum bi'iḥsānin ilā yawmid dīn.

#### Bismillāhir raḥmānir raḥīm

- Qul huwal lāhu aḥad.
- Allāhus samad.
- 3 Lam yalid wa lam yūlad.
- 4 Wa lam yakul lahū kufuwan aḥad. (3 times) [Sūrah Al-Ikhlāṣ (112), Āyāt 1-4]

- \* O the Dispeller of anxiety, O the Remover of grief, O the One Who is Forgiving and Merciful towards His servant. (3 times)
- \* I seek forgiveness from Allāh, the Lord of all creation. I seek forgiveness from Allāh for all my mistakes (4 times).
- None is worthy of worship, save Allāh (50 times);

Muḥammad is the Messenger of Allāh, may the Blessings and Peace of Allāh be upon him; and honour, nobility, glory and exaltedness to him; and may He be pleased with his purified household, and with his rightly guided Companions, and with those who follow them with excellence till the Day of Judgement.

### In the Name of Allāh, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.

- Say: He is Allāh, the One and Only;
- 2 Allāh, the Eternal, Absolute;
- 3 He was not born, nor does He give birth;
- 4 And there is nothing like Him. [3 times] [Sūrah Al-Ikhlāṣ (112), Verses 1-4]

# بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

﴿ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ ٱلْفَلَقِ ۞ مِن شَرِّ مَاخَلَقَ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ عَاخَلَقَ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ عَالِمُونَ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ ٱلنَّقَٰكُتِ فِي ٱلْعُقَدِ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ ٱلنَّقَٰكُتِ فِي ٱلْعُقَدِ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ النَّقَٰكُتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ النَّقَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ النَّقَاتُ فَي الْعُقَدِ ۞ وَمِن شَرِّ مَا حَلَقَ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَٰ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللْمُ الللِمُ الللْمُ الللللِمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ ا

# بِسْمِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

اَلْفَاتِحَةُ إِلَى رُوْحِ سَيِّدِنَا وَحَبِيْبِنَا وَشَفِيْعِنَا رَسُوْلِ اللهِ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللهِ، وَآلِهِ وَأَصْحَابِهِ وَأَزْوَاجِهِ وَذُرِيَّتِهِ وَأَهْلِ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللهِ، وَآلِهِ وَأَصْحَابِهِ وَأَزْوَاجِهِ وَذُرِيَّتِهِ وَأَهْلِ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَبْدِنَا الْمُهَاجِرِ إِلَى اللهِ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عِيْسَى، بَيْتِهِ، وَإِلَى اللهِ أَحْمَدَ بْنِ عِيْسَى،

٩٣. سُوْرَة الْفَلَق (١١٣)، آيات ١-٥

٩٤. سُوْرَة النَّاسِ (١١٤)، آيات ١-٦

### Bismillāhir raḥmānir raḥīm

- Qul a'ūdhu birabbil falaq.
- 2 Min sharri mā khalaq.
- Wa min sharri ghāsiqin idhā waqab.
- 4 Wa min sharrin naffāthāti fil 'uaad.
- 5 Wa min sharri ḥāsidin idhā hasad.

[Sūrah Al-Falaq (113), Āyāt 1-5]

#### Bismillāhir raḥmānir raḥīm

- Oul a ūdhu birabbin nās.
- Malikin nās.
- 3 Ilāhin nās.
- 4 Min sharril waswāsil khannās.
- 5 Alladhī yuwaswisu fī şudūrin nās.
- 6 Minal jinnati wannās. [Sūrah Al-Nās (114), Āyāt 1-6]

Alfātiḥatu ilā rūḥi sayyidinā wa ḥabībinā wa shafī'inā rasūlillāh, Muḥammadibni 'Abdillāh, wa ālihī wa aṣḥābihī wa azwājihī wa dhurriyyatihī wa ahli baytihī, wa ilā rūḥi sayyidinal muhājiri ilallāhi Ahmadabni 'Īsā

### In the Name of Allāh, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.

- 1 Say: I seek refuge with the Lord of the daybreak;
- 2 From the mischief of created things;
- 3 From the mischief of darkness as it becomes intense;
- 4 From the mischief of those who practise secret arts;
- 5 And from the mischief of the envious one as he practises envy. [Sūrah Al-Falaq (113), Verses 1-5]

## In the Name of Allāh, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.

- I Say: I seek refuge with the Lord and Cherisher of mankind;
- 2 The King (or Ruler) of mankind;
- 3 The God (or Judge) of mankind;
- 4 From the mischief of the whisperer (of evil), who withdraws (after his whisper);
- 5 (The whisperer) who whispers into the hearts of mankind;
- 6 From among jinn and men. [Sūrah Al-Nās (114), Verses 1-6]

Al-Fātiḥah on the soul of our master, our beloved, our intercessor, The Messenger of Allāh, Muḥammad, bin 'Abd Allāh, his family, his Companions, his wives, his relatives and his family household; and upon the soul of our master Al Muhājir Ahmad bin 'Īsa Muḥammad, who has returned to Allāh,

وَأُصُوْلِهِ وَفُرُوْعِهِمْ؛ أَنَّ اللهَ يُعْلِيْ ذَرَجَاتِهِمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُحْفَظُنَا وَيُحْفَظُنَا مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُضَاعِفُ حَسَنَاتِهِمْ، وَيَحْفَظُنَا بِجَاهِهِمْ، وَيَنْفَعُنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعِيْدُ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ بَرَكَاتِهِمْ وَأَسْرَارِهِمْ وَأَنْوَارِهِمْ وَعُلُوْمِهِمْ وَنَفَحَاتِهِمْ فِي الدِّيْنِ وَالدِّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ. [الْفَاتِحَةُ].

الْفَاتِحَةُ إِلَى رُوْحِ سَيِّدِنَا الْأُسْتَاذِ الْأَعْظَمِ؛ اَلْفَقِيْهِ الْمُقَدَّمِ مُحَمَّدٍ بْنِ عَلِيِّ بَاعَلُويِّ، وَأَصُوْلِهِ وَفُرُوْعِهِمْ، أَنَّ وَجَمِيْعِ سَادَاتِنَا آلِ أَبِيْ عَلَوِيٍّ وَأَصُوْلِهِمْ وَفُرُوْعِهِمْ، أَنَّ اللهَ يُعْلِيُ سَادَاتِنَا آلِ أَبِيْ عَلَوِيٍّ وَأَصُوْلِهِمْ وَفُرُوْعِهِمْ، أَنَّ اللهَ يُعْلِيْ مَنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُكْثِرُ مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُحْفَظُنَا بِجَاهِهِمْ، وَيَنْفَعُنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعْفَنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعْفَنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعْفِمْ وَيُعْفِمْ وَيُعْفِمْ وَاللهِمْ وَأَنْوَارِهِمْ وَعُلُومِهِمْ وَيُعْفِمُ وَيُعْفِمْ وَالدُّيْنَ وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ. [الْفَاتِحَةُ].

wa uşūlihī wa furū'ihim; annallāha yu'lī darajātihim fil jannati wa yukthiru min mathūbātihim wa yuḍā'ifu ḥasanātihim, wa yaḥfazunā bijāhihim, wa yanfa'unā bihim, wa yu'īdu 'alaynā min barakātihim wa asrārihim wa anwārihim wa 'ulūmihim wa nafaḥātihim fiddīni waddunyā wal'ākhirati. [al-Fātihah].

Alfātihatu ilā rūhi savyidinal ustādhil a'zami; alfaqīhil muqaddimi Muḥammadi nibni 'aliyyin bā'alawī wa usūlihī wa furūʻihim, wa jamīʻi sādātinā āli abī 'alawiyyin wa usūlihim wa furū'ihim, annallāha yu'lī darajātihim fil jannati wa yukthiru min mathūbātihim wa yuḍā'ifu hasanātihim, wa yahfazunā bijāhihim, wa yanfa'unā bihim, wa yu'īdu 'alaynā min barakātihim wa asrārihim wa anwārihim wa 'ulūmihim wa nafahātihim fiddīni waddunyā wal'ākhirati. [al-Fātiḥah].

and his genealogical roots (ancestors) and their branches (descendants), that Allāh may elevate their ranks in Paradise and increase their benefit and protect us with their status; and that He shower upon us of their blessings, (spiritual) mysteries, illuminations, knowledge, and gifts in (our) religion in this world and in the Hereafter. [al-Fātihah]

Al-Fātihah on the soul of our great teacher, the Jurist Al Muqaddam Muḥammad bin 'Alī Bā 'Alawī and his genealogical roots (ancestors) and their branches (descendants), and all our noble masters among the descendants of the Bā 'Alawī; that Allāh may elevate their ranks in Paradise and increase their benefit, and double their good, and protect us with their status; and that He shower upon us of their blessings, (spiritual) mysteries, knowledge, and gifts in this world and in the Hereafter. [al-Fatihah].

الْفَاتِحَةُ إِلَى أَرْوَاحِ سَادَاتِنَا الصُّوْفِيَّةِ أَيْنَمَا كَانُوْا وَحَلَّتْ أَرْوَاحُهُمْ مِنْ مَشَارِقِ الْأَرْضِ إِلَى مَغَارِبِهَا، أَنَّ اللهَ وَحَلَّتْ أَرْوَاحُهُمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُكْثِرُ مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُضَاعِفُ يُعْلِيْ دَرَجَاتِهِمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُكْثِرُ مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُضَاعِفُ يُعْلِيْ دَرَجَاتِهِمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُكْثِرُ مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُعْلَىٰ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا بِجَاهِهِمْ، وَيَنْفَعُنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعِيْدُ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ بَرَكَاتِهِمْ وَالْمُورِهِمْ وَأَنْوَارِهِمْ وَعُلُومِهِمْ وَنَفَحَاتِهِمْ فِي اللّهُ يْنِ وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ. [الْفَاتِحَةُ].

اَلْفَاتِحَةُ إِلَى رُوْحِ سَيِّدِنَا صَاحِبِ الرَّاتِبِ قُطْبِ الْإِرْشَادِ وَغَوْثِ الْعِبَادِ وَالْبِلَادِ، اَلْحَبِيْبِ عَبْدِ اللهِ بْنِ عَلَوِيِّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ اللهِ بْنِ عَلَوِيِّ بْنِ مُحَمَّدٍ اللهِ يُعْلِيْ دَرَجَاتِهِمْ مُحَمَّدٍ الْحَدَّادِ، وَأُصُوْلِهِ وَفُرُوْعِهِمْ، أَنَّ اللهَ يُعْلِيْ دَرَجَاتِهِمْ فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَيُكْثِرُ مِنْ مَثُوْبَاتِهِمْ وَيُصَاعِفُ حَسَنَاتِهِمْ، وَيَحْفَظُنَا بِجَاهِهِمْ، وَيَنْفَعُنَا بِهِمْ، وَيُعِيْدُ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ بَرَكَاتِهِمْ وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْمُومِةِمْ وَنَفَحَاتِهِمْ فِي الدِّيْنِ وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْدُنْيَا وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْدُنْيَا وَالدُّنْيَا وَالدُّنْيَا وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْمُومِةِمْ وَنَفَحَاتِهِمْ فِي الدِّيْنِ وَالدُّنْيَا وَالْالْمُ الْعِرْقِ قَالْمُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهُ فِي اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهِ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُولِهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُ وَلَهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُ وَاللّهُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ الْعَلْمُ وَالْمُ الْعُولِهُ وَاللّهُ وَالْهُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ وَالْمُ وَلَالْمُ وَالْمُ الْعَالِمُ وَالْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْعُولِهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللهُ اللّهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّ

Alfātiḥatu ilā arwāḥi sādātinaṣ ṣūfiyyati aynamā kānū wa ḥallat arwāḥuhum min mashāriqil arḍi ilā maghāribihā, annallāha yu'lī darajātihim fil jannati wa yukthiru min mathūbātihim wa yuḍā'ifu ḥasanātihim, wa yaḥfazunā bijāhihim, wa yaḥfazunā bihim, wa yu'īdu 'alaynā min barakātihim wa asrārihim wa anwārihim wa 'ulūmihim wa nafaḥātihim fiddīni waddunyā wal'ākhirati. [al-Fātihah].

Alfātiḥata ilā rūḥi ṣāḥibir rātibi quṭbil irshādi wa ghawthil 'ibādi wal bilād, alḥabībi 'Abdillāhibni 'Alawiyyibni Muḥammadil Ḥaddādi, wa usūlihī wa furū'ihim, annallāha yu'lī darajātihim fil jannati wa yuḍā'ifu ḥasanātihim, wa yuḍā'ifu ḥasanātihim, wa yaḥfazunā bijāhihim, yanfa'unā bihim, wa yu'īdu 'alaynā min barakātihim wa asrārihim wa anwārihim wa 'ulūmihim wa nafaḥātihim fildūni waddunyā wal'ākhirati. [al-Fātiḥah].

Al-Fātiḥah on the souls of our noble Ṣūfi masters wherever they may be and wherever their souls may be set free, in the east or west, that Allāh may raise their ranks in Paradise and increase their benefit, and protect us with their status; and that He shower upon us of their blessings, (spiritual) mysteries, knowledge, and gifts in (our) religion in this world and in the Hereafter. [al-Fātiḥah]

**Al-Fātihah** on the soul of our master and compiler of the Ratib, the Axis of Guidance and the spiritual succour for the worshippers and nations, the beloved 'Abd Allāh bin 'Alawī bin Muhammad al-Haddad and his genealogical roots (ancestors) and their branches (descendants), that Allah may elevate their ranks in Paradise and increase their benefit, and protects us with their status; and that He shower upon us of their blessings, (spiritual) mysteries, knowledge, and gifts in (our) religion in this world and in the Hereafter. [al-Fātiḥah].

اَلْفَاتِحَةُ إِلْى أَرْوَاحِكَافَةِ عِبَادِ اللهِ الصَّالِحِيْنَ، وَوَالِدِيْنَا وَمَشَائِخِنَا فِي الدِّيْنِ، وَذَوِي الْحُقُوقِ عَلَيْنَا، وَأَمْوَاتِ أَهْلِ هَٰذِهِ الْبَلْدَةِ مِنْ أَهْلِ لَا إِلٰهَ إِلَّا اللهُ أَجْمَعِيْنَ،

وَإِلٰى أَرْوَاحِ أَمْوَاتِ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ وَأَحْيَاهُمْ إِلٰى يَوْمِ السَّدِيْنِ، أَنَّ اللهَ يَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ وَيَرْحَمُهُمْ، وَيُفَرِّحُ كُرُوْبَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ وَيَرْحَمُهُمْ، وَيَشْفِيْ مَرْضَاهُمْ، وَيَجْمَعُ شَمْلَهُمْ عَلَى الْهُدَى، وَيُوَلِّ فَ ذَاتَ بَيْنِهِمْ، وَيَحْمَعُ شَمْلَهُمْ عَلَى الله دَى، وَيُوَلِّ فَ ذَاتَ بَيْنِهِمْ، وَيَحْمِقُ عَلَيْهِمْ خَيَارَهُمْ، وَيَكْفِيْنَا وَإِيَّاهُمْ شَرَّ خِيَارَهُمْ، وَيَكْفِيْنَا وَإِيَّاهُمْ شَرَّ فَيُونِ وَالْمُوْذِيِّيْنَ وَالْمُعْتَدِيْنَ مِنْ قَرِيْبٍ أَوْ بَعِيْدٍ، وَيُولِي عَلَى مَا يُرْضِي الله وَرَسُولَهُ، وَيَعْطِيْ كُلَّ سَائِلٍ مِنْ وَيُرْخِيْ أَسْعَارَهُمْ، وَيُغُونِي أَلْمُ عَلَى مَا يُرْضِي الله وَرَسُولَهُ، وَيَفْتَحُ عَلَيْنَا وَإِيَّاهُمْ فَيُو وَمِنْكُمْ سُؤْلَهُ، عَلَى مَا يُرْضِي الله وَرَسُولَهُ، وَيَقْتَحُ عَلَيْنَا فَيُو فَيُونَ وَالْمُ عَلَى مَا يُرْضِي الله وَرَسُولَهُ، وَيَقْتَحُ عَلَيْنَا فَيُو فَيُونَ وَالْمُ عَلَى مَا يُرْضِي الله وَرَسُولَهُ، وَيَقْتَحُ عَلَيْنَا فَيُونَ وَمُونَ وَالْمِ وَيَعْظِيْ كُلُّ سَائِلٍ مِنْ الله عَلَيْنَا وَلِيْنَ، وَيَخْتِمُ لَنَا بِالْحُسْنَى وَهُو رَاضٍ عَنَّا فِيْ فَتُوحَ الْعَارِفِيْنَ، وَيَخْتِمُ لَنَا بِالْحُسْنَى وَهُو رَاضٍ عَنَّا فِيْ خَيْرٍ وَلُطْفٍ وَعَافِيَةٍ، وَإِلٰى حَصْرَةِ النَّبِيِّ (مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَى الله عَلَيْهِ وَآلِهِ وَسَلَّمَ).

Alfātiḥata ilā arwāḥi kāfati
'ibādillāhiṣ ṣāliḥīn, wa wālidīnā
wa mashā'ikhinā fiddīn, wa
dhawil ḥuqūqi 'alaynā, wa
amwāti ahli hādhihil baldati min
ahli lā ilāha illallāhu ajma'īn,

Wa ilā arwāḥi amwātil muslimīna wa aḥyāhum ilā yawmiddīn, annallāha yaghfiru lahum wa yarhamuhum, wa yufarriju kurūbal muslimīna wa yarḥamuhum, wa yashfī mardāhum, wa yajma'u shamlahum 'alal hudā, wa yu'allifu dhāta baynihim, wa yuwallī 'alayhim khiyārahum, wa yaşrifu 'anhum shirārahum, wa yakfīnā wa iyyāhum sharral fitani wal miḥani wal mu'dhiyyīna wal mu'tadīna min garībin aw ba'īdin, wa yurkhī as'ārahum, wa yughazziru amţārahum, wa yu'ţī kulla sā'ilim minnā wa minkum su'lahū, 'alā mā yurḍillāha wa rasūlahū, wa yaftaḥu 'alaynā futūhal 'ārifīna, wa yakhtimu lanā bilhusnā wa huwa rāḍin 'annā fī khayrin wa luţfin wa 'āfiyatin, wa ilā hadratin nabiyyi (Muḥammadin şallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam).

Al-Fātiḥah on the souls of all the pious servants of Allāh and our parents, and our teachers of religion, and those who have rights upon us; and the deceased people of this land; of all those who believed that there is no god, but Allāh;

And on the souls of the deceased Muslims, and those who are (still) alive, until the Day of Judgement, that Allah forgive them and have Mercy on them; that he removes the difficulties of the Muslims and show compassion towards them; and that he cures the sick, and unite them upon guidance, and instill love in their hearts, and causes the best among them to govern them, and divert from them the worst among them, and protect us and them from the evil of the trials and tribulations, and the mischief-makers and transgressors from near and far: and make their living conditions easy; and increase their rains; and give everyone what he asks according to that which pleases Allāh and His Messenger; and that He inspire us with the inspiration of the Gnostics; and that He grant us a good ending whilst being satisfied with us in good, kindness and well-being; and (finally al-Fātiḥah) to the Holy Presence of the Prophet Muhammad, may the Blessings and Peace of Allah be upon him and his family.

- وَبَعْدَ قِرَاءَةِ الْفَاتِحَةِ يَرْفَعُ يَدَهُ وَيَدْعُوْ بِمَا شَاءَ ثُمَّ
   يَقُوْلُ:
- الله م إنّا نَسْأَلُكَ رِضَاكَ وَالْجَنَّةَ، وَنَعُوْذُ بِكَ مِنْ
   سَخَطِكَ وَالنَّارِ (ثَلاَثًا).

# إِنْتَهَى الرَّاتِبُ وَيُزَادُ بَعْدَهُ:

- \* يَاعَالِمَ السِّرِّ مِنَّا، لَا تَهْتِكِ السِّتْرَ عَنَّا، وَعَافِنَا وَاعْفُ
   عَنَّا، وَكُنْ لَّنَا حَيْثُ كُنَّا. (ثَلاَثًا)
- ﴿ جَزَى اللهُ عَنَّا سَيِّدَنَا مُحَمَّدًا صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ
   خَيْرًا، جَزَى اللهُ عَنَّا سَيِّدَنَا مُحَمَّدًا صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ
   مَا هُوَ أَهْلُهُ. (ثَلاَثًا)
- جَزَى الله عَنَّا سَيِّدَنَا وَنَبِيَّنَا مُحَمَّدًا صَلَّى الله عَلَيْهِ
   وَعَلَى آلِهِ وَصَحْبِهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَفْضَلَ مَا جَازَى نَبِيًّا عَنْ أُمَّتِهِ.
   يَا الله بِهَا، يَا الله بِهَا، يَا الله بِحُسْنِ الْحَاتِمَةِ.
   (ثَلاَثًا).

- \* And after reading the Fātiḥah he (the supplicant) raises his hands and asks for whatever he wants and then says:
- \* Allāhumma innā nas'aluka riḍāka wal jannah, wa na'ūdhu bika min sakhaṭika wan nār. (3 times)
- ❖ The end of the Rātib, with the following being added to it:
- \* Yā 'ālimas sirri minnā, lā tahtikis sitra 'annā, wa 'āfinā wa'fu 'annā, wa kullanā ḥaythu kunnā. (3 times)
- Jazallāhu 'annā sayyidanā Muḥammadan şallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallama khayran, jazallāhu 'annā sayyidanā Muḥammadan şallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallama mā huwa ahluhū. (3 times)
- \* Jazallāhu 'annā sayyidanā wa nabiyyinā Muḥammadan ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa 'alā ālihī wa ṣaḥbihī wa sallama afḍala mā jazā nabiyyan 'an ummatihī.
- Yā allāhu bihā, yā allāhu bihā, yā allāhu biḥusnil khātimah. (3 times)

- ❖ And after reading the Fātiḥah he (the supplicant) raises his hands and asks for whatever he wants and then says:
- \* O Allah! We ask of You for Your Pleasure and Paradise, and we seek Your Protection from Your Displeasure and from Hellfire. (3 times).
- ❖ The end of the Rātib, with the following being added to it:
- \* O Knower of secrets, do not remove Your cover (of faults) from us. Excuse us and forgive us; and be with us wherever we may be. (3 times)
- \* May Allāh reward, on our behalf, our master Muḥammad, Blessings and Peace on him, with good. May Allāh reward our master Muḥammad, Blessings and Peace on him, that which he is entitled to. (3 times)
- \* May Allāh reward our master and Prophet, Muḥammad, and may the Blessings and Peace of Allāh be upon him, his family and Companions, with the most excellent reward a Prophet has received for his ummah 38
- \* O Allāh! Through it (our good deeds); O Allāh! Through it (our good deeds); O Allāh! Through it (our good deeds) grant us a good ending. (3 times)