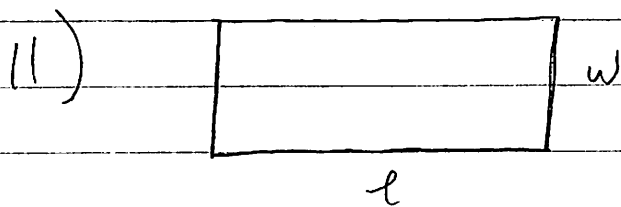


HW # 3.7 11, 12, 21, 24



$$\frac{dl}{dt} = -2 \text{ cm/sec} \quad \frac{dw}{dt} = 2 \text{ cm/sec}$$

At this time, $l = 12 \text{ cm}$, $w = 5 \text{ cm}$

a) what is $\frac{dA}{dt}$ at this time?

$$A = wl \Rightarrow \frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt}(wl) = w \frac{dl}{dt} + l \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 5(-2) + 12(2) = -10 + 24 = 14$$

note: $(5 \text{ cm})(-2 \text{ cm/sec}) + (12 \text{ cm})(2 \text{ cm/sec})$
 $-10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec} + 24 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec} = 14 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$
increasing

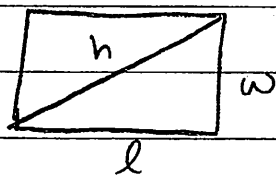
b) what is $\frac{dP}{dt}$ at this time?

$$P = 2l + 2w \quad \frac{dP}{dt} = 2 \frac{dl}{dt} + 2 \frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 2(-2 \text{ cm/sec}) + 2(2 \text{ cm/sec}) = 0 \text{ cm/sec}$$

constant

c) What is $\frac{dh}{dt}$ at this time



$$l^2 + w^2 = h^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(l^2 + w^2) = \frac{d}{dt}(h^2)$$

$$2l \frac{dl}{dt} + 2w \frac{dw}{dt} = 2h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$l \frac{dl}{dt} + w \frac{dw}{dt} = h \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \left(\frac{1}{h} \right) \left(l \frac{dl}{dt} + w \frac{dw}{dt} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{(12\text{ cm})^2 + (5\text{ cm})^2}} \left(12\text{ cm} \left(-2 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}} \right) + 5\text{ cm} \left(2 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}} \right) \right)$$

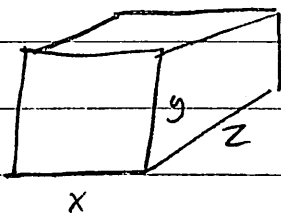
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{144\text{ cm}^2 + 25\text{ cm}^2}} \left(-24 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}} + 10 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{169\text{ cm}^2}} \left(-14 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{13\text{ cm}} \left(-14 \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{sec}} \right) = \frac{-14}{13} \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{sec}}$$

decreasing

12)



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1 \text{ m/s} \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -2 \text{ m/s}, \quad \frac{dz}{dt} = 1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$x = 4, \quad y = 3, \quad z = 2$$

a) $\frac{dV}{dt} ?$ $V = xyz \rightarrow \frac{d}{dt}(V) = \frac{d}{dt}(xyz)$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = xg \frac{dz}{dt} + xz \frac{dy}{dt} + yz \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= (4\text{m})(3\text{m})(1\text{m/s}) \\ &\quad + (4\text{m})(2\text{m})(-2\text{m/s}) \\ &\quad + (3\text{m})(2\text{m})(1\text{m/s}) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 12\text{m}^3/\text{s} - 16\text{m}^3/\text{s} + 6\text{m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$= 2\text{m}^3/\text{s}$$

b) $\frac{dS}{dt} ?$ $S = 2(xy + yz + zx)$

$$\frac{dS}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt}[2(xy + yz + zx)]$$

$$= 2 \left(x \frac{dy}{dt} + y \frac{dx}{dt} + y \frac{dz}{dt} + z \frac{dy}{dt} + z \frac{dx}{dt} + x \frac{dz}{dt} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \left(4\text{m}(-2\text{m/s}) + 3\text{m}(1\text{m/s}) + 3\text{m}(1\text{m/s}) + 2\text{m}(-2\text{m/s}) + 2\text{m}(1\text{m/s}) + 4\text{m}(2\text{m/s}) \right) \\ &= 2 \left(-8\text{m}^2/\text{s} + 3\text{m}^2/\text{s} + 3\text{m}^2/\text{s} - 4\text{m}^2/\text{s} + 2\text{m}^2/\text{s} + 8\text{m}^2/\text{s} \right) = 4\text{m}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \quad s = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \rightarrow s^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$

$$2s \frac{ds}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} + 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

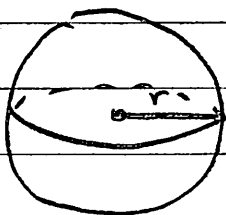
$$\frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \left(x \frac{dx}{dt} + y \frac{dy}{dt} + z \frac{dz}{dt} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(4^2 + 3^2 + 2^2)^{1/2}} \left(4m \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) + 3 \left(\frac{-2m}{s} \right) + 2m \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(16m^2 + 9m^2 + 4m^2)^{1/2}} \left(4 \frac{m^2}{s} + 6 \frac{m^2}{s} + 2 \frac{m^2}{s} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(29m^2)^{1/2}} \cdot 0 \frac{m^2}{s} = 0 \frac{m}{s}$$

21)



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 100\pi \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$$

at this time, $r = 5 \text{ ft}$

what is $\frac{dr}{dt}$? $\frac{dS}{dt}$?

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rightarrow \frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\rightarrow 100\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 4\pi (5 \text{ ft})^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\rightarrow 100\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 4\pi \cdot 25 \text{ ft}^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

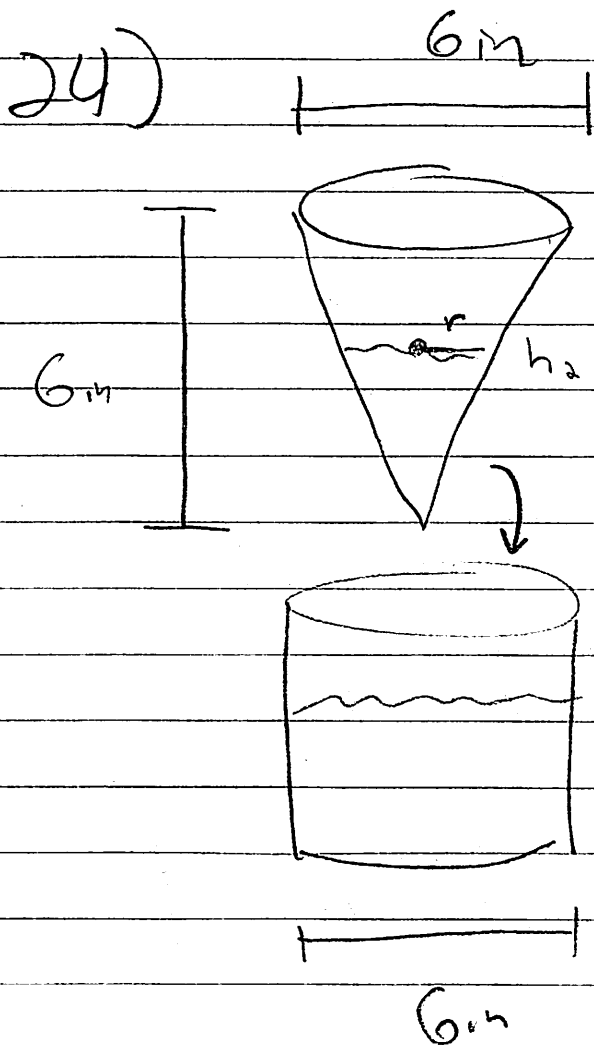
$$\rightarrow 100\pi \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 100\pi \text{ ft}^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\rightarrow 1 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{min}} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$S = 4\pi r^2 \rightarrow \frac{dS}{dt} = 8\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$= 8\pi (5 \text{ ft}) (1 \text{ ft}/\text{min})$$

$$= 40\pi \text{ ft}^2/\text{min}$$



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

a) what is $\frac{dh_1}{dt}$ when $h_2 = 5\text{m}$?

h_2 is actually irrelevant of here is

h_1 depends only on $\frac{dV}{dt}$, which doesn't depend on h_2 .

$$V = \pi (3)^2 h_1 = 9\pi h_1$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 9\pi \frac{dh_1}{dt} \rightarrow \frac{dh_1}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dt} \frac{1}{9\pi}$$

$$= \frac{10}{9\pi} \text{ m/min}$$

24 b) what is

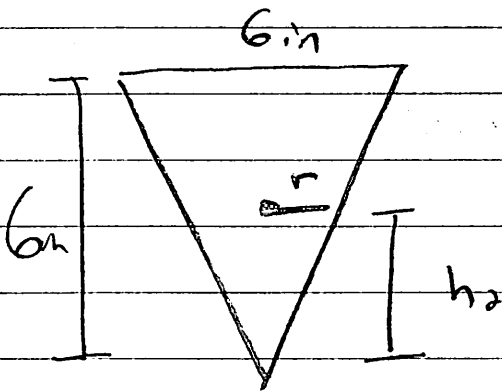
$\frac{dh_2}{dt}$ at this time?

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h_2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(V) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h_2\right) = \frac{\pi}{3} \left(2r h_2 \frac{dr}{dt} + r^2 \frac{dh_2}{dt}\right)$$

we know $h_2 = 5$ in, $\frac{dV}{dt} = -10$ in³/min

need r , $\frac{dr}{dt}$



Similar triangles:

$$\frac{6}{2r} = \frac{6}{h_2} \rightarrow 2r = h_2$$

so at $h_2 = 5$, $r = 2.5$

$$2r = h_2 \Rightarrow 2 \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dh_2}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dh_2}{dt}$$

$$\text{So } \frac{\pi}{3} \left(2(2.5)(5) \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{dh_2}{dt} \right) + (2.5)^2 \left(\frac{dh_2}{dt} \right) \right) = -10$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{25}{2} \frac{dh_2}{dt} + \frac{25}{4} \frac{dh_2}{dt} \right) = -10$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{75}{4} \frac{dh_2}{dt} \right) = -10 \rightarrow \frac{dh_2}{dt} = \frac{-120}{75\pi} \text{ in/min}$$
$$= -\frac{24}{15\pi} \text{ in/min}$$

